## **HOUSE BILL No. 1399**

#### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 16-37-2-20.

**Synopsis:** Birth certificate information. Provides that the gender listed on an individual's birth certificate and permanent record made from the birth certificate may not be changed. Specifies certain exceptions.

Effective: July 1, 2022.

# **Borders**

January 13, 2022, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Health.



#### Second Regular Session of the 122nd General Assembly (2022)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2021 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

### **HOUSE BILL No. 1399**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 16-37-2-20 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2022]: Sec. 20. (a) Notwithstanding any other law, and except as
4	provided in subsection (b), the gender listed on an individual's:
5	(1) birth certificate; and
6	(2) permanent record made from the birth certificate under
7	section 9 of this chapter;
8	may not be changed.
9	(b) The gender listed on an individual's birth certificate and the
0	permanent record made from the birth certificate under section 9
1	of this chapter may be changed only if any of the following
2	conditions exist:
3	(1) The:
4	(A) person filing the birth certificate; or
5	(B) state department recording the information;
6	made a typographical or clerical error concerning the
7	individual's gender.



1	(2) The individual's gender was listed as male but a medical
2	test demonstrates the absence of a Y chromosome in the
3	individual's deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA).
4	(3) The individual's gender was listed as female but a medical
5	test demonstrates the presence of a Y chromosome in the
6	individual's deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA).

